Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information			
Candidate surname	Other names		
Centre Number Candidate Nu Pearson Edexcel Interr			
Tuesday 21 May 202			
Morning (Time: 2 hours)	Paper reference 4PM1/01		
Further Pure Math PAPER 1	nematics		
Calculators may be used.	Total Marks		

## **Instructions**

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
  - there may be more space than you need.
- You must NOT write anything on the formulae page.
   Anything you write on the formulae page will gain NO credit.

## Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

## **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶





## **International GCSE in Further Pure Mathematics Formulae sheet**

#### Mensuration

**Surface area of sphere** =  $4\pi r^2$ 

Curved surface area of cone =  $\pi r \times \text{slant height}$ 

Volume of sphere =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ 

#### **Series**

### **Arithmetic series**

Sum to *n* terms,  $S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$ 

## Geometric series

Sum to *n* terms, 
$$S_n = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{(1-r)}$$

Sum to infinity, 
$$S_{\infty} = \frac{a}{1-r} |r| < 1$$

## **Binomial series**

$$(1+x)^n = 1 + nx + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!}x^2 + \dots + \frac{n(n-1)\dots(n-r+1)}{r!}x^r + \dots$$
 for  $|x| < 1, n \in \mathbb{Q}$ 

#### **Calculus**

## **Quotient rule (differentiation)**

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \left( \frac{\mathrm{f}(x)}{\mathrm{g}(x)} \right) = \frac{\mathrm{f}'(x)\mathrm{g}(x) - \mathrm{f}(x)\mathrm{g}'(x)}{\left[\mathrm{g}(x)\right]^2}$$

## **Trigonometry**

## Cosine rule

In triangle ABC:  $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$ 

$$\tan\theta = \frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta}$$

$$\sin(A+B) = \sin A \cos B + \cos A \sin B$$

$$\sin(A - B) = \sin A \cos B - \cos A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A+B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A - B) = \cos A \cos B + \sin A \sin B$$

$$\tan(A+B) = \frac{\tan A + \tan B}{1 - \tan A \tan B}$$

$$\tan(A - B) = \frac{\tan A - \tan B}{1 + \tan A \tan B}$$

## Logarithms

$$\log_a x = \frac{\log_b x}{\log_b a}$$



# Answer all TEN questions.

## Write your answers in the spaces provided.

## You must write down all the stages in your working.

1	In triangle ABC, $AB = 2x \text{ cm}$ , $BC = 3x \text{ cm}$ and $AC = 4x \text{ cm}$
	The area of triangle $ABC$ is 50 cm <sup>2</sup>
	Find, to 2 decimal places, the value of x

(4)

(Total for Question 1 is 4 marks)



ı	
	2
	4

$$f(x) = 2x^2 + 4x + 9$$

Given that f(x) can be written in the form  $A(x+B)^2 + C$ , where A, B and C are integers,

(a) find the value of A, the value of B and the value of C

(3)

- (b) Hence, or otherwise, find
  - (i) the value of x for which  $\frac{1}{f(x)}$  is a maximum
  - (ii) the maximum value of  $\frac{1}{f(x)}$

(2)



3	(a)	Show that	$\sum_{r=1}^{n} (5r-3) =$	$\frac{n}{2}(5n-1)$
---	-----	-----------	---------------------------	---------------------

(3)

(b) Hence, or otherwise, evaluate  $\sum_{r=31}^{60} (5r-3)$ 

(2)

Given that  $\sum_{r=1}^{n} (5r - 3) = 3783$ 

(c) find the value of n

(3)






4	The surface area of a sphere with radius $r$ cm is increasing at a constant rate of $50\pi$ cm <sup>2</sup> /s		
Find, in cm <sup>3</sup> , the exact volume of the sphere at the instant when the rate of increase			
	of $r$ is $\frac{5}{12}$ cm/s	(8)	





5	A particle <i>P</i> is moving along the <i>x</i> -axis. At time <i>t</i> seconds $(t \ge 0)$ the acceleration, $a \text{ m/s}^2$ , of <i>P</i> is given by $a = 3t - 4$	
	When $t = 0$ , P is at rest.	
	(a) Find the velocity of $P$ when $t = 4$	(3)
	At time $T$ seconds, $T > 0$ , $P$ is instantaneously at rest.	
	(b) Find the value of T	(2)
	When $t = 0$ , P is at the point with coordinates $(-10, 0)$	
	(c) Find the displacement of $P$ from the origin when $t = 3$	
		(4)





6	The line $l$ passes through the point $A$ with coordinates $(-2, 2)$ and the point $B$ with coordinates $(3, 12)$	
	The point C with coordinates $(p, q)$ lies on $l$ such that $AC : CB = 3 : 2$	
	(a) Find the value of $p$ and the value of $q$	
		(2)
	The line $k$ is perpendicular to $l$ and passes through the point $C$	
	(b) Show that an equation of k is $2y + x - 17 = 0$	
		(4)
	The line $k$ crosses the $x$ -axis at the point $D$	
	(c) Find the exact length of CD	
		(3)
	The point $X$ with coordinates $(m, n)$ lies on $l$ such that	
	area of triangle $DXC = 80 \mathrm{units^2}$	
	Given that $m > 0$	
	(d) find the value of <i>m</i> and the value of <i>n</i>	
		(7)





Question 6 continued	





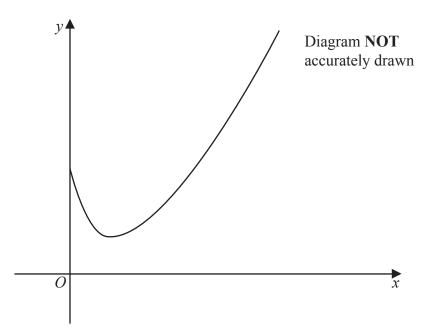


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a sketch of part of the curve C with equation

$$y = \frac{x^2}{4} - 3\sqrt{x} + 8$$

The point P lies on C and has coordinates (4, a)

(a) Show that a = 6

(1)

The line L is the normal to C at the point P

(b) Show that an equation of L is 5y + 4x - 46 = 0

(6)

The finite region R is bounded by the curve C, the line L, the x-axis and the line with equation x = 1

(c) Use calculus to find the exact area of R

**(6)** 



Question 7 continued	





8 The sum of the first and second terms of a geometric series $G$ is 400			
	The sum of the second and third terms of $G$ is 100		
	(a) Show that the common ratio of $G$ is $\frac{1}{4}$	(4)	
	(b) Show that the first term of $G$ is 320	(2)	
	(c) Find the sum to infinity of G	(2)	
	The sum to $n$ terms of $G$ is $S_n$		
	(d) Find, using logarithms, the least value of $n$ such that		
	$S_n > 426.6$		
		(4)	



Question 8 continued		





9	(a) Find the value of $a$ such that $\log_a 8$	= -
---	--	-----

(2)

(b) Show that

$$3x\log_2 x - 4\log_{16} 8 + 6x\log_4 8 - \log_2 x = \log_2 (8x)^{3x-1}$$
(4)

(c) Hence solve the equation  $3x \log_2 x - 4 \log_{16} 8 + 6x \log_4 8 - \log_2 x = 0$ 

(3)



Question 9 continued	
	•••







Question 10 continued	





Question 10 continued		
	(Total for Question 10 is 16 marks)	
	TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS	

